को देखते हुए तकनीकी संगठनों का अध्यक्ष नियुक्त किया जाता है। तथापि, इस संबंध में सामान्य नीति यह नहीं है कि सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों तथा तकनीकी संगठनों में सरकारी अधिकारियों को प्रतिनियुक्ति पर नियुक्त किया जाए बल्कि यह है कि इन पदों को तत्काल संविलियन के आधार पर भरा जाए।

Tenure Posting of Deputy Secretaries in Different Ministries

92. SHRI GHUFRAN AZAM: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Department of Personnel have overlooked the tenure posting of Deputy Secretaries in different Ministries and has not been transferring those who have since completed three years tenure period in one Ministry;

(b) whether Government have been requested by Members of Parliament to cause transfer orders of such incumbents to avoid formation of personal interests either in the Ministry or in any PSU where such officers are holding Director level posts; and

(c) if so, the details thereof and the decision taken thereon?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PERSONNEL, PUBLIC GRIEVANCES AND PENSIONS AND THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF PARLIAMENTARY AFFAIRS (SMT. MARGARET ALVA): (a) Officers of the All India Services and Organised Central Services Group A are appointed as Deputy Secretaries under the Central Staffing Scheme, which provides for a tenure of 4 years for Deputy Secretaries. The tenure rules are strictly followed.

The tenure rules are not applicable to Central Secretariat Service Officers. The CSS officers appointed as Deputy Secretaries in a Ministry/Department normally continue in the same Ministry/Department till they get promotion as Directors. Under the existing policy, lateral shift of officers is not allowed.

(b) and (c) At present no request made by an M.P. for transfer of Deputy Secretaries from one Ministry to another is pending.

Amount Allocated for the Rural Development Programme

93. SHRIMATI CHANDRIKA ABHINANDAN JAIN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) the amount allocated and utilised for rural development during 1990-91, 1991-92, 1992-93 and so far in 1993-94 state-wise;

(b) the target fixed and achievements made during the above period State-wise particularly in Maharashtra and Gujarat;

(c) the schemes formulated, target fixed and amount allocated for the rural development programmes during the Eighth Five Year Plan;

(d) whether Government have received any complaints regarding?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI UTTAMBHAI PATEL): (a) and (b) The amount allocated/utilized as well as target fixed and achievements made in respect of major rural development programmes, namely — (i) Integrated Rural Development Programme (IRDP); (ii) Jawahar Rozgar Yojana (JRY); and (iii) Accelerated Rural Water Supply Programme (ARWSP) — during the period 1990-91, 1991-92, 1992-93 and 1993-94, State-wise including States of Maharashtra and Gujarat, are given in Annexure. [*See* Appendix CLXIX, Annexure No 9].

(c) Major rural development programmes like (i) IRDP; (ii) JRY; and (iii) ARWSP—will continue to be implemented during the Eighth Five Year Plan period. In addition, a new scheme, namely, Employmtnt Assurance Scheme (EAS) is

being implemented from 2nd October, 1993 in the rural areas of 1,752 blocks in the country in which the Revamped Public Distribution System (RPDS) is in operation. The EAS aims at providing 100 days of unskilled manual work to the rural poor who are in need of employment and seeking it. The works under the scheme are to be taken up during the lean agricultural season only when there is reduced availability of rural unskilled wage employment in the farming sector. The expenditure under EAS is borne by the Centre and the States in the ratio of 80:20. An amount of Rs. 5.00 lakhs per block has so far been released to the States during 1993-94. Further releases would be made depending upon the number of people seeking employment under the scheme and the resultant demand of funds by the State Governments. The target fixed and amount allocated for the above programmes during Eight Five Year Plan period, are given as under:

Sr. No.	Scheme		Target fixed	Amount allocated
				(Rs. in crores)
1	IRDP		126 lakh families	3,350.00
2	JRY		5000 million mandays	18,400.00
3	ARWSP	1992 93 & 1993-94	0.74 lakh villages	5,100.00
		1994-95 to 1996-97	3.50 lakh habitations	

(d) and (e) No complaints regarding diversion of funds by the State Governments have been received so far.

Construction of new Houses for Persons Belonging to SCs/STs under Indira Aawas Yojana in Tamil Nadu

94. SHRI S. AUSTIN: Will the PRIME MINISTER be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have constructed new houses for the persons belonging to Scheduled Castes and Scheduled Tribes or have given them financial assistance under the Indira Aawas Yojana (IAY) during the current year in Tamil Nadu;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard;

(c) how much money has been sanctioned;

(d) how much money has been spent so far; and

(e) what progress has so far been made in the matter?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT (DEPARTMENT OF RURAL DEVELOPMENT) (SHRI RAMESHWAR THAKUR): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) to (e) During 1993-94, an amount of Rs. 2225.62 lakhs including State's share have been allocated to Tamil Nadu under Indira Aawas Yojana (IAY). According to information received from Government of Tamil Nadu, 18759 houses have been constructed and 14575 houses were in progress upto the end of October, 1993. A sum of Rs. 2671.57 lakhs had been spent on them so far, out of the current year's allocation and the untilised funds available from the previous year's allocations.